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Network Appliance, Inc.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA
SAN FRANCISCO DIVISION

SUN MICROSYSTEMS, INC., a Delaware
corporation,

Plaintiff-Counterclaim Defendant,

v.

NETWORK APPLIANCE, INC. a Delaware
corporation,

Defendant-Counterclaim Plaintiff.

Case No. C-07-05488 EDL

**SUPPLEMENTAL ANSWER AND
COUNTERCLAIMS TO FIRST
AMENDED COMPLAINT FOR:
(1) PATENT INFRINGEMENT
(2) UNFAIR COMPETITION UNDER
THE LANHAM ACT
(3) UNFAIR COMPETITION UNDER
CAL. BUS. & PROF. CODE § 17200**

DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL

1 Defendant Network Appliance, Inc. ("NetApp") responds to the First Amended
2 Complaint of Plaintiff Sun Microsystems, Inc. ("Sun") as follows:

3 **THE PARTIES AND THE NATURE OF THE ACTION**

4 1. NetApp admits that it spent approximately \$390 million on research and
5 development during the last fiscal year and holds approximately 250 United States patents.
6 NetApp is a pioneer in the design of data storage systems marketed throughout the United States
7 and abroad and continues to innovate new advances in data storage technology. NetApp's patents
8 cover a host of advanced features found in NetApp's award-winning Data ONTAP[®] software and
9 Write Anywhere File Layout (WAFL[®]) filesystem. These include fundamental developments in
10 filesystems, unified storage solutions, data consistency, data integrity, storage management, write
11 allocation, read-only data images (Snapshots[™]), writeable clones, copy-on-write, RAID arrays
12 and assimilation, and file system image transfer. NetApp's patented features are demanded by
13 customers the world over because they greatly enhance the performance, reliability and ease of
14 use of data storage systems. NetApp admits that it has not open-sourced its DataONTAP[®]
15 software. NetApp denies that it merely builds upon the innovations of others without contributing
16 developments of its own. NetApp lacks sufficient knowledge or information to form a belief as to
17 the truth of the remaining allegations of paragraph 1 of Sun's First Amended Complaint and, on
18 that basis, denies them.

19 2. NetApp lacks sufficient knowledge or information to form a belief as to the
20 truth of the allegations of paragraph 2 of Sun's First Amended Complaint and, on that basis,
21 denies them.

22 3. NetApp admits that it sells data storage systems, including hardware,
23 software and systems used in storing data and that Sun and NetApp are competitors. NetApp
24 lacks sufficient knowledge or information to form a belief as to the truth of the remaining
25 allegations of paragraph 3 of Sun's First Amended Complaint and, on that basis, denies them.

26 4. NetApp admits that a key component in a data storage system is its file
27 system. NetApp denies that its products lack the capabilities of ZFS. Indeed, NetApp's Data
28 ONTAP[®] software is superior to ZFS. NetApp admits that it has not open-sourced its

1 DataONTAP[®] software. NetApp denies that it has sought to thwart open-source software by
2 suing Sun in other litigation to stop ZFS. In fact, one objective of NetApp's initial suit against
3 Sun and its counterclaims here is to prevent Sun from undermining and destabilizing the open-
4 source community by distributing infringing source code to the members of that community. The
5 open-source community depends upon its contributors to open-source only what they own. Sun
6 has violated this fundamental principle by open-sourcing source code that infringes NetApp's
7 patents. NetApp lacks sufficient knowledge or information to form a belief as to the truth of the
8 remaining allegations of paragraph 4 of Sun's First Amended Complaint and, on that basis, denies
9 them.

10 5. NetApp denies the allegations of paragraph 5 of Sun's First Amended
11 Complaint.

12 6. NetApp denies the allegations of paragraph 6 of Sun's First Amended
13 Complaint.

14 7. NetApp lacks sufficient knowledge or information to form a belief as to the
15 truth of the allegations of paragraph 7 of Sun's First Amended Complaint and, on that basis,
16 denies them.

17 8. NetApp admits the allegations of paragraph 8 of Sun's First Amended
18 Complaint.

19 **JURISDICTION**

20 9. NetApp admits that this Court has subject matter jurisdiction over Sun's
21 patent infringement claims pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331 and 1338. Except as expressly
22 admitted, NetApp denies the allegations of paragraph 9 of Sun's First Amended Complaint.

23 10. NetApp admits the allegations of paragraph 10 of Sun's First Amended
24 Complaint.

25 **VENUE**

26 11. NetApp admits that venue is proper in this district. Except as expressly
27 admitted, NetApp denies the allegations of paragraph 11 of Sun's First Amended Complaint.
28

INTRADISTRICT ASSIGNMENT

12. NetApp admits the allegations of paragraph 12 of Sun's First Amended Complaint.

THE PATENTS

13. NetApp admits that United States Patent No. 5,124,987 is entitled "Logical track write scheduling system for a parallel disk drive array data storage subsystem;" that it states on its face that it was issued on June 23, 1992 to Charles A. Milligan and George A. Rudeseal; and that a copy of the '987 patent was attached as Exhibit A to Sun's First Amended Complaint. Except as expressly admitted, NetApp denies the allegations of paragraph 13 of Sun's First Amended Complaint.

14. NetApp admits that United States Patent No. 5,430,855 is entitled "Disk drive array memory system using nonuniform disk drives," that it states on its face that it was issued on July 4, 1995 to Robert Walsh, George A. Rudeseal, and Jay S. Belsan; and that a copy of the '855 patent was attached as Exhibit B to Sun's First Amended Complaint. Except as expressly admitted, NetApp denies the allegations of paragraph 14 of Sun's First Amended Complaint.

15. NetApp admits that United States Patent No. 6,049,528 is entitled "Trunking ethernet-compatible networks;" that it states on its face that it was issued on April 11, 2000 to Ariel Hendel, Leo A. Hejza, and Sampath H. K. Kumar; and that a copy of the '528 patent was attached as Exhibit C to Sun's First Amended Complaint. Except as expressly admitted, NetApp denies the allegations of paragraph 15 of Sun's First Amended Complaint.

16. NetApp admits that United States Patent No. 6,421,787 is entitled "Highly available cluster message passing facility;" that it states on its face that it was issued on July 16, 2002 (not September 3, 2002, as alleged) to Gregory L. Slaughter and Robert Herndon; and that a copy of the '787 patent was attached as Exhibit D to Sun's First Amended Complaint. Except as expressly admitted, NetApp denies the allegations of paragraph 16 of Sun's First Amended Complaint.

17. NetApp admits that United States Patent No. 5,632,012 is entitled "Disk

1 scrubbing system;" that it states on its face that it was issued on May 20, 1997 to Jay S. Belsan,
2 Alan R. Permut, and George A. Rudeseal; and that a copy of the '012 patent was attached as
3 Exhibit E to Sun's First Amended Complaint. Except as expressly admitted, NetApp denies the
4 allegations of paragraph 17 of Sun's First Amended Complaint.

5 18. NetApp admits that United States Patent No. 5,721,937 is entitled "Method
6 and apparatus for reducing power consumption in a computer system by placing the CPU in a low
7 power mode;" that it states on its face that it was issued on February 24, 1998 to Steven M.
8 Kurihara and Mark W. Insley; and that a copy of the '937 patent was attached as Exhibit F to
9 Sun's First Amended Complaint. NetApp agrees to collectively refer to the '987, '855, '528,
10 '787, '012 and '937 patents as the "Sun Patents-in-Suit." Except as expressly admitted, NetApp
11 denies the allegations of paragraph 18 of Sun's First Amended Complaint.

12 **FIRST CLAIM**
13 **(Infringement of the '987 Patent)**

14 19. NetApp incorporates by reference its responses to the allegations of
15 paragraphs 1 through 18 of Sun's First Amended Complaint.

16 20. NetApp denies the allegations of paragraph 20 of Sun's First Amended
17 Complaint.

18 21. NetApp denies the allegations of paragraph 21 of Sun's First Amended
19 Complaint.

20 22. NetApp admits that Sun asserted prior to this litigation that NetApp
21 infringes the '987 patent. Except as expressly admitted, NetApp denies the allegations of
22 paragraph 22 of Sun's First Amended Complaint.

23 23. NetApp denies the allegations of paragraph 23 of Sun's First Amended
24 Complaint.

25 24. NetApp denies the allegations of paragraph 24 of Sun's First Amended
26 Complaint.

27 25. NetApp admits that this case is exceptional within the meaning of 35
28 U.S.C. § 285. NetApp is entitled to an award of attorneys' fees. Except as expressly admitted,

1 NetApp denies the allegations of paragraph 25 of Sun's First Amended Complaint.

2 **SECOND CLAIM**
3 **(Infringement of the '855 Patent)**

4 26. NetApp incorporates by reference its responses to the allegations of
5 paragraphs 1 through 18 of Sun's First Amended Complaint.

6 27. NetApp denies the allegations of paragraph 27 of Sun's First Amended
7 Complaint.

8 28. NetApp denies the allegations of paragraph 28 of Sun's First Amended
9 Complaint.

10 29. NetApp denies the allegations of paragraph 29 of Sun's First Amended
11 Complaint.

12 30. NetApp denies the allegations of paragraph 30 of Sun's First Amended
13 Complaint.

14 31. NetApp denies the allegations of paragraph 31 of Sun's First Amended
15 Complaint.

16 32. NetApp admits that this case is exceptional within the meaning of 35
17 U.S.C. § 285. NetApp is entitled to an award of attorneys' fees. Except as expressly admitted,
18 NetApp denies the allegations of paragraph 32 of Sun's First Amended Complaint.

19 **THIRD CLAIM**
20 **(Infringement of the '528 Patent)**

21 33. NetApp incorporates by reference its responses to the allegations of
22 paragraphs 1 through 18 of Sun's First Amended Complaint.

23 34. NetApp denies the allegations of paragraph 34 of Sun's First Amended
24 Complaint.

25 35. NetApp denies the allegations of paragraph 35 of Sun's First Amended
26 Complaint.

27 36. NetApp denies the allegations of paragraph 36 of Sun's First Amended
28 Complaint.

37. NetApp denies the allegations of paragraph 37 of Sun's First Amended

1 Complaint.

2 38. NetApp denies the allegations of paragraph 38 of Sun's First Amended
3 Complaint.

4 39. NetApp admits that this case is exceptional within the meaning of 35
5 U.S.C. § 285. NetApp is entitled to an award of attorneys' fees. Except as expressly admitted,
6 NetApp denies the allegations of paragraph 39 of Sun's First Amended Complaint.

7 **FOURTH CLAIM**
8 **(Infringement of the '787 Patent)**

9 40. NetApp incorporates by reference its responses to the allegations of
10 paragraphs 1 through 18 of Sun's First Amended Complaint.

11 41. NetApp denies the allegations of paragraph 41 of Sun's First Amended
12 Complaint.

13 42. NetApp denies the allegations of paragraph 42 of Sun's First Amended
14 Complaint.

15 43. NetApp denies the allegations of paragraph 43 of Sun's First Amended
16 Complaint.

17 44. NetApp denies the allegations of paragraph 44 of Sun's First Amended
18 Complaint.

19 45. NetApp denies the allegations of paragraph 45 of Sun's First Amended
20 Complaint.

21 46. NetApp admits that this case is exceptional within the meaning of 35
22 U.S.C. § 285. NetApp is entitled to an award of attorneys' fees. Except as expressly admitted,
23 NetApp denies the allegations of paragraph 46 of Sun's First Amended Complaint.

24 **FIFTH CLAIM**
25 **(Infringement of the '012 Patent)**

26 47. NetApp incorporates by reference its responses to the allegations of
27 paragraphs 1 through 18 of Sun's First Amended Complaint.

28 48. NetApp denies the allegations of paragraph 48 of Sun's First Amended
Complaint.

1 49. NetApp denies the allegations of paragraph 49 of Sun's First Amended
2 Complaint.

3 50. NetApp denies the allegations of paragraph 50 of Sun's First Amended
4 Complaint.

5 51. NetApp denies the allegations of paragraph 51 of Sun's First Amended
6 Complaint.

7 52. NetApp denies the allegations of paragraph 52 of Sun's First Amended
8 Complaint.

9 53. NetApp admits that this case is exceptional within the meaning of 35
10 U.S.C. § 285. NetApp is entitled to an award of attorneys' fees. Except as expressly admitted,
11 NetApp denies the allegations of paragraph 53 of Sun's First Amended Complaint.

12 **SIXTH CLAIM**
13 **(Infringement of the '937 Patent)**

14 54. NetApp incorporates by reference its responses to the allegations of
15 paragraphs 1 through 18 of Sun's First Amended Complaint.

16 55. NetApp denies the allegations of paragraph 55 of Sun's First Amended
17 Complaint.

18 56. NetApp denies the allegations of paragraph 56 of Sun's First Amended
19 Complaint.

20 57. NetApp denies the allegations of paragraph 57 of Sun's First Amended
21 Complaint.

22 58. NetApp denies the allegations of paragraph 58 of Sun's First Amended
23 Complaint.

24 59. NetApp denies the allegations of paragraph 59 of Sun's First Amended
25 Complaint.

26 60. NetApp admits that this case is exceptional within the meaning of 35
27 U.S.C. § 285. NetApp is entitled to an award of attorneys' fees. Except as expressly admitted,
28 NetApp denies the allegations of paragraph 60 of Sun's First Amended Complaint.

SEVENTH CLAIM

(Unfair Competition under the Lanham Act)

61. NetApp incorporates by reference its responses to the allegations of paragraphs 1 through 18 of Sun's First Amended Complaint.

62. NetApp denies the allegations of paragraph 62 of Sun's First Amended Complaint.

63. NetApp denies the allegations of paragraph 63 of Sun's First Amended Complaint.

64. NetApp denies the allegations of paragraph 64 of Sun's First Amended Complaint.

65. NetApp denies the allegations of paragraph 65 of Sun's First Amended Complaint.

66. NetApp denies the allegations of paragraph 66 of Sun's First Amended Complaint.

67. NetApp denies the allegations of paragraph 67 of Sun's First Amended Complaint.

EIGHTH CLAIM

(Unfair Competition)

68. NetApp incorporates by reference its responses to the allegations of paragraphs 1 through 18 and 61 through 67 of Sun's First Amended Complaint.

69. NetApp denies the allegations of paragraph 69 of Sun's First Amended Complaint.

70. NetApp denies the allegations of paragraph 70 of Sun's First Amended Complaint.

71. NetApp denies the allegations of paragraph 71 of Sun's First Amended Complaint.

72. NetApp denies the allegations of paragraph 72 of Sun's First Amended Complaint.

73. NetApp denies the allegations of paragraph 73 of Sun's First Amended

1 Complaint.

2 74. NetApp denies the allegations of paragraph 74 of Sun's First Amended
3 Complaint.

4 **NETAPP'S RESPONSE TO SUN'S PRAYER FOR RELIEF**

5 75. NetApp denies that Sun is entitled to any of the relief sought in its prayer
6 for relief against NetApp, its agents, employees, representatives, successors and assigns, and
7 those acting in privity or concert with NetApp. NetApp has not infringed, and is not infringing,
8 either directly or indirectly under section 271, any valid claim of any Sun Patents-in-Suit, either
9 literally or under the doctrine of equivalents. Moreover, the Sun Patents-in-Suit are invalid
10 and/or unenforceable. In addition, NetApp has not engaged in unfair competition in violation of
11 the Lanham Act and the California Business and Professions Code. Sun is not entitled to recover
12 damages, injunctive relief, costs, fees, interest, or any other type of recovery from NetApp. Sun's
13 prayer should, therefore, be denied in its entirety and with prejudice, and Sun should take nothing.
14 NetApp asks that judgment be entered for NetApp and that this action be found to be an
15 exceptional case entitling NetApp to be awarded attorneys' fees in defending against Sun's
16 Complaint, together with such other and further relief the Court deems appropriate.

17 **AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSES**

18 **FIRST AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE**

19 **(Failure to state a claim)**

20 One or more of Sun's claims fails to state a claim upon which relief can be
21 granted.

22 **SECOND AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE**

23 **(Invalidity)**

24 NetApp alleges on information and belief that one or more claims of each of the
25 Sun Patents-in-Suit is invalid for failure to meet the conditions of patentability of 35 U.S.C. § 101
26 et seq., including without limitation those of sections 102, 103, and/or 112.

27 **THIRD AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE**

28 **(Unenforceability – Inequitable Conduct)**

On information and belief, certain Sun Patents-in-Suit are unenforceable under the

1 doctrine of inequitable conduct, as follows:

2 **'528 Patent**

3 On information and belief, prior to the issuance of the '528 patent, the named
4 inventors and/or others substantively involved in prosecuting the applications leading to the '528
5 patent (collectively, "the '528 applicants") were aware of information material to the patentability
6 of the claims of the '528 patent, but withheld, concealed and/or mischaracterized that information
7 with the intent to deceive the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office. The withheld information
8 includes, but is not limited to, Kalpana EtherChannel technology, certain IEEE 802.3
9 presentations and materials ("the 802.3 documents"), U.S. Patent 5,608,733 ("the '733 patent")
10 and George E. Conant, "Multilink PPP: One Big Virtual WAN Pipe," *Data Communications*, vol.
11 24, No. 13, September 21, 1995, pages 85-88, 90 ("the Multilink article").

12 Upon information and belief, one or more of the '528 applicants knew about the
13 prior art Kalpana EtherChannel technology before the '528 patent issued. EtherChannel
14 technology was invented by Kalpana in the early 1990s and Kalpana's EtherSwitch (which
15 incorporated the EtherChannel technology) was well known in the network industry, and was in
16 fact ranked by Network Computing online magazine as "The 10 Most Important Products of the
17 Decade." See http://www.networkcomputing.com/1119/1119f1products_5.html.

18 One or more of the '528 applicants knew about the 802.3 documents before the
19 '528 patent issued because Mr. Howard Frazier, co-worker of the '528 applicants (Mr. Frazier
20 was listed as co-inventor on U.S. Patent Nos. 6,591,303 and 6,246,680 with the '528 applicants),
21 was chairman of the IEEE's 802.3z committee. In this role, Mr. Frazier presided over 802.3z
22 meetings prior to the filing of the '528 patent, during which presentations material to the
23 patentability of the '528 patent were given, including, without limitation, the following tutorials:
24 http://grouper.ieee.org/groups/802/3/z/public/presentations/sep1996/BHgutp_a.pdf, and
25 http://www.ieee802.org/3/z/public/presentations/nov1996/BHgutp_c.pdf.

26 One or more of the '528 applicants knew about the '733 patent before the '528
27 patent issued, because it was cited in co-pending patent applications by the same inventors,
28 including without limitation the application that led to U.S. Patent No. 6,873,630, which Sun

1 asserts in its Counterclaims in a parallel case, 3:07-CV-06053-EDL.

2 One or more of the '528 applicants knew about the Multilink article before the
3 '528 patent issued, because it was cited in the co-pending patent applications by the same
4 inventors, including without limitation the application that led to U.S. Patent No. 6,591,303,
5 which Sun asserts in its Counterclaims in a parallel case, 3:07-CV-06053-EDL.

6 These references were highly material to the patentability of the claims of the '528
7 patent, but were not disclosed to the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office during prosecution of the
8 '528 patent. On information and belief, the '528 applicants withheld these references from the
9 U.S. Patent and Trademark Office with the intent to deceive that Office.

10 ***'787 Patent***

11 On information and belief, prior to the issuance of the '787 patent, the named
12 inventors and/or others substantively involved in prosecuting the applications leading to the '787
13 patent (collectively, "the '787 applicants") were aware of information material to the patentability
14 of the claims of the '787 patent, but withheld, concealed and/or mischaracterized that information
15 with the intent to deceive the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office. The withheld information
16 includes, but is not limited to, Kalpana EtherChannel technology and U.S. Patent No. 5,608,733
17 ("the '733 patent").

18 Upon information and belief, one or more of the '787 applicants knew about the
19 prior art Kalpana EtherChannel technology before the '787 patent issued. EtherChannel
20 technology was invented by Kalpana in the early 1990s and Kalpana's EtherSwitch (which
21 incorporated the EtherChannel technology) was well known in the network industry, and was in
22 fact ranked by Network Computing online magazine as "The 10 Most Important Products of the
23 Decade." See http://www.networkcomputing.com/1119/1119f1products_5.html.

24 One or more of the '787 applicants knew about the '733 patent before the '787
25 patent issued, because it was cited in the co-pending patent applications by Sun, including
26 without limitation the application that led to U.S. Patent No. 6,873,630, which Sun asserts in its
27 Counterclaims in a parallel case, 3:07-CV-06053-EDL.

28 These references were highly material to the patentability of the claims of the '787

1 patent, but were not disclosed to the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office during prosecution of the
 2 '787 patent. On information and belief, the '787 applicants withheld these references from the
 3 U.S. Patent and Trademark Office with the intent to deceive that Office.

4 **FOURTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE**

5 **(Laches)**

6 On information and belief, the relief that Sun seeks in its Complaint is barred in
 7 whole or in part by the doctrine of laches. On information and belief, Sun and/or its predecessors
 8 in interest ("Sun") were aware of NetApp's products or were in possession of such facts and
 9 information as would lead a person of reasonable diligence to discover them, as early as 1995.
 10 Sun's unreasonable and inexcusable delay in filing suit has resulted in prejudice and injury to
 11 NetApp.

12 **FIFTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE**

13 **(Equitable Estoppel)**

14 On information and belief, one or more of the Sun Patents-In-Suit is unenforceable
 15 by reason of equitable estoppel. For example, Sun should be estopped from asserting the '528
 16 patent because at least one of the named inventors, Ariel Hendel, participated in IEEE standard-
 17 setting activities related to the subject matter of the '528 patent, but failed to advise the IEEE
 18 members of the existence and content of the specific application that led to the '528 patent, which
 19 was then pending.

20 **SIXTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE**

21 **(Patent Misuse)**

22 On information and belief, one or more of the Sun Patents-In-Suit is unenforceable
 23 under the doctrine of patent misuse.

24 **COUNTERCLAIMS**

25 NetApp, for its Counterclaims against Sun, alleges as follows:

26 **THE PARTIES AND THE NATURE OF THIS ACTION**

27 1. NetApp incorporates by reference paragraphs 1-18 of its Answer and its
 28 Affirmative Defenses as though set forth fully herein.

2. Defendant Sun uses NetApp's patented inventions in its data processing

1 systems and related software, primarily Sun's Zettabyte File System ("ZFS"), without
2 authorization from NetApp and thus directly infringes United States Patent Nos. 6,574,591,
3 6,868,417, 7,107,385, 7,130,873, and 7,313,720, collectively referred to as the "NetApp Patents-
4 in-Suit." Defendant Sun actively induces infringement and contributes to the infringement by
5 others of NetApp's patents by urging and enabling others to adopt and distribute infringing
6 technology in their products, and by distributing ZFS in or for data processing systems.

7 3. Sun unfairly distributes ZFS technology to others to induce others to adopt
8 and distribute the infringing technology in their products without informing them of NetApp's
9 applicable patents.

10 4. NetApp brings these counterclaims to halt Sun's willful infringement of its
11 rights under the patent laws of the United States (Title 35, United States Code, section 271 et
12 seq.). NetApp seeks damages for Sun's infringement and an injunction restraining Sun from
13 continuing to use NetApp's patented inventions without permission.

14 **JURISDICTION AND VENUE**

15 5. NetApp is a Delaware corporation with its principal place of business at
16 495 E. Java Drive, Sunnyvale, California 94089.

17 6. Upon information and belief, Sun is a Delaware corporation with a
18 principal place of business at 4150 Network Circle, Santa Clara, CA 95054.

19 7. This Court has personal jurisdiction over Sun because it maintains its
20 principal place of business within the Northern District of California and it has committed acts of
21 patent infringement within the State of California by making, using, selling, offering to sell,
22 and/or importing products that are covered by NetApp's patents.

23 8. This Court has subject matter jurisdiction over NetApp's patent
24 infringement and Lanham Act counterclaims under 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331 and 1338(a).

25 9. This Court has subject matter jurisdiction over NetApp's declaratory
26 judgment counterclaims under 28 U.S.C. §§ 2201 and 2202. There is an actual controversy
27 between NetApp and Sun regarding U.S. Patent Nos. 5,124,987 ("the '987 patent"), 5,430,855
28 ("the '855 patent"), 6,049,528 ("the '528 patent"), 6,421,787 ("the '787 patent"), 5,632,012 ("the

1 '012 patent”), and 5,721,937 (“the ’937 patent”) (collectively, “the Sun Patents-in-Suit”) because
 2 Sun asserted in its First Amended Complaint that NetApp infringes the Sun Patents-in-Suit.

3 10. An actual and justiciable controversy exists between NetApp and Sun as to
 4 whether the Sun Patents-in-Suit are infringed, valid, and enforceable against NetApp. Absent a
 5 declaration of non-infringement, invalidity, or unenforceability, Sun will continue to wrongfully
 6 assert the Sun Patents-in-Suit against NetApp, and thereby cause NetApp irreparable injury and
 7 damage.

8 11. This Court has subject matter jurisdiction over NetApp’s California
 9 Business & Professions Code § 17200 counterclaim under 28 U.S.C. §§ 1367.

10 12. Venue is proper in this judicial district under 28 U.S.C. §§ 1391 and
 11 1400(b).

12 **FIRST COUNTERCLAIM**
 13 **(Infringement of the ’591 Patent)**

14 13. NetApp incorporates by reference the allegations of paragraphs 1 through
 15 18 of its Answer and paragraphs 1 through 12 of these Counterclaims.

16 14. NetApp is the owner of U.S. Patent No. 6,574,591 (“the ’591 patent”),
 17 entitled “File Systems Image Transfer Between Dissimilar File Systems.” The ’591 patent was
 18 duly and legally issued on June 3, 2003. A true and correct copy of the ’591 patent is attached to
 19 these Counterclaims as Exhibit A.

20 15. On information and belief, Sun has been and is currently infringing one or
 21 more claims of the ’591 patent, directly and/or indirectly, pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 271, in
 22 connection with certain of its products, services, methods and/or systems, including without
 23 limitation Sun’s ZFS.

24 16. Unless enjoined, Sun will continue to infringe, directly and/or indirectly
 25 under section 271, the ’591 patent.

26 17. Sun’s conduct has caused, and unless enjoined will continue to cause,
 27 irreparable harm to NetApp. Pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 283, NetApp is entitled to a permanent
 28 injunction against further infringement.

1 18. Pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 284, NetApp is entitled to damages for Sun's
2 infringement.

3 19. This case is exceptional and, pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 285, NetApp is
4 entitled to an award of attorneys' fees.

5 **SECOND COUNTERCLAIM**
6 **(Infringement of the '417 Patent)**

7 20. NetApp incorporates by reference the allegations of paragraphs 1 through
8 18 of its Answer and paragraphs 1 through 12 of these Counterclaims.

9 21. NetApp is the owner of U.S. Patent No. 6,868,417 ("the '417 patent"),
10 entitled "Mechanism For Handling File Level And Block Level Remote File Accesses Using The
11 Same Server." The '417 patent was duly and legally issued on March 15, 2005. A true and
12 correct copy of the '417 patent is attached to these Counterclaims as Exhibit B.

13 22. On information and belief, Sun has been and is currently infringing one or
14 more claims of the '417 patent, directly and/or indirectly, pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 271, in
15 connection with certain of its products, services, methods and/or systems, including without
16 limitation Sun's ZFS.

17 23. Unless enjoined, Sun will continue to infringe, directly and/or indirectly
18 under section 271, the '417 patent.

19 24. Sun's conduct has caused, and unless enjoined will continue to cause,
20 irreparable harm to NetApp. Pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 283, NetApp is entitled to a permanent
21 injunction against further infringement.

22 25. Pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 284, NetApp is entitled to damages for Sun's
23 infringement.

24 26. This case is exceptional and, pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 285, NetApp is
25 entitled to an award of attorneys' fees.

26 **THIRD COUNTERCLAIM**
27 **(Infringement of the '385 Patent)**

28 27. NetApp incorporates by reference the allegations of paragraphs 1 through
18 of its Answer and paragraphs 1 through 12 of these Counterclaims.

1 28. NetApp is the owner of U.S. Patent No. 7,107,385 (“the ’385 patent”),
2 entitled “Storage Virtualization By Layering Virtual Disk Objects On A File System.” The ’385
3 patent was duly and legally issued on September 12, 2006. A true and correct copy of the ’385
4 patent is attached to these Counterclaims as Exhibit C.

5 29. On information and belief, Sun has been and is currently infringing one or
6 more claims of the ’385 patent, directly and/or indirectly, pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 271, in
7 connection with certain of its products, services, methods and/or systems, including without
8 limitation Sun’s ZFS.

9 30. Unless enjoined, Sun will continue to infringe, directly and/or indirectly
10 under section 271, the ’385 patent.

11 31. Sun’s conduct has caused, and unless enjoined will continue to cause,
12 irreparable harm to NetApp. Pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 283, NetApp is entitled to a permanent
13 injunction against further infringement.

14 32. Pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 284, NetApp is entitled to damages for Sun’s
15 infringement.

16 33. This case is exceptional and, pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 285, NetApp is
17 entitled to an award of attorneys’ fees.

18 **FOURTH COUNTERCLAIM**
19 **(Infringement of the ’873 Patent)**

20 34. NetApp incorporates by reference the allegations of paragraphs 1 through
21 18 of its Answer and paragraphs 1 through 12 of these Counterclaims.

22 35. NetApp is the owner of U.S. Patent No. 7,130,873 (“the ’873 patent”),
23 entitled “File System Image Transfer Between Dissimilar File Systems.” The ’873 patent was
24 duly and legally issued on October 31, 2006. A true and correct copy of the ’873 patent is
25 attached to these Counterclaims as Exhibit D.

26 36. On information and belief, Sun has been and is currently infringing one or
27 more claims of the ’873 patent, directly and/or indirectly, pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 271, in
28

1 connection with certain of its products, services, methods and/or systems, including without
2 limitation Sun's ZFS.

3 37. Unless enjoined, Sun will continue to infringe, directly and/or indirectly
4 under section 271, the '873 patent.

5 38. Sun's conduct has caused, and unless enjoined will continue to cause,
6 irreparable harm to NetApp. Pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 283, NetApp is entitled to a permanent
7 injunction against further infringement.

8 39. Pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 284, NetApp is entitled to damages for Sun's
9 infringement.

10 40. This case is exceptional and, pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 285, NetApp is
11 entitled to an award of attorneys' fees.

12 **FIFTH COUNTERCLAIM**
13 **(Infringement of the '720 Patent)**

14 41. NetApp incorporates by reference the allegations of paragraphs 1 through
15 18 of its Answer and paragraphs 1 through 12 of these Counterclaims.

16 42. NetApp is the owner of U.S. Patent No. 7,313,720 ("the '720 patent"),
17 entitled "Technique for Increasing the Number of Persistent Consistency Point Images in a File
18 System." The '720 patent was duly and legally issued on December 25, 2007. A true and correct
19 copy of the '720 patent is attached to these Counterclaims as Exhibit E.

20 43. On information and belief, Sun has been and is currently infringing one or
21 more claims of the '720 patent, directly and/or indirectly, pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 271, in
22 connection with certain of its products, services, methods and/or systems, including without
23 limitation Sun's ZFS.

24 44. Unless enjoined, Sun will continue to infringe, directly and/or indirectly
25 under section 271, the '720 patent.

26 45. Sun's conduct has caused, and unless enjoined will continue to cause,
27 irreparable harm to NetApp. Pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 283, NetApp is entitled to a permanent
28 injunction against further infringement.

1 globally . . . touch[ing] nearly every aspect of network computing” The blog entry further
2 characterized Sun’s patent portfolio as a “huge array of patents across storage systems and
3 software – to which Network Appliance has decided to expose” itself.

4 b. In the same blog entry, Sun and Mr. Schwartz confirmed that Sun was
5 attempting to “remove all of [NetApp’s] products from the marketplace” by asserting in
6 litigation that NetApp infringes Sun’s patents.

7 c. In the same October 24, 2007 blog entry, Sun and Mr. Schwartz remarked
8 that this litigation would “disrupt[] [NetApp] customers . . . across the world.” Sun and Mr.
9 Schwartz then suggested that current NetApp customers switch to the Sun ZFS product, noting on
10 two occasions that Sun would indemnify them from any potential liability arising from
11 infringement of NetApp patents.

12 d. In the same October 24, 2007 blog entry, Sun and Mr. Schwartz remarked
13 that Sun “always protected [its] markets from trolls”

14 e. In a September 6, 2007 blog entry, Sun and Mr. Schwartz remarked that
15 Sun uses its patents “to protect communities, and indemnify customers” Sun and Mr.
16 Schwartz further “thanked” NetApp for initiating litigation so that customers could be made
17 aware of the “absolutely shocking” savings that Sun products allegedly offer.

18 f. In the same September 6, 2007 blog entry, Sun and Mr. Schwartz remarked
19 that “Sun did not approach NetApps about licensing any of Sun’s patents and never filed
20 complaints against NetApps or demanded anything.” This statement is plainly false. Sun
21 repeatedly demanded that NetApp pay fees to license Sun’s patents. For example, in an email
22 dated December 14, 2006, Sun demanded that NetApp pay Sun \$36.548M in exchange for a disk-
23 storage patent cross-license.

24 g. On October 25, 2007, and continuing daily since this time, Sun and
25 Michael Dillon, General Counsel, Executive Vice President and Corporate Secretary of Sun,
26 remarked in a blog entry that Sun had brought “claims against the entirety of [NetApp’s] product
27 line.”
28

1 h. On information and belief, Mr. Dillon played a significant role in
2 determining the timing and content of Mr. Schwartz's blog entries described above.

3 i. On October 25, 2007, Sun alleged in its Answer to NetApp's complaint for
4 patent infringement in the Eastern District of Texas that NetApp infringed the '639, '667, '857,
5 '095, '662, '106, '954, '984, '303, '261, '630, and '343 patents. Sun asserts that it holds all
6 rights, title, and interest in the patents asserted in its Counterclaims.

7 j. On October 29, 2007, Sun brought and maintained this action alleging that
8 NetApp infringes the '987, '855, '528, '219, '012, and '937 patents. On November 2, 2007, Sun
9 filed a First Amended Complaint alleging that NetApp infringes the '987, '855, '528, '787, '012,
10 and '937 patents. Sun asserts that it holds all rights, title, and interest in the patents asserted in its
11 Complaint and First Amended Complaint.

12 k. NetApp is informed and believes and thereon alleges that Sun's claims of
13 patent infringement were asserted in bad faith and that no litigant could reasonably expect success
14 on the merits. On information and belief, Sun knew, and now knows, that Sun has
15 indiscriminately asserted patents encompassing subject matter unrelated to NetApp's business,
16 that NetApp has never utilized in any way, and that is not included in NetApp products.

17 50. NetApp products travel in interstate commerce.

18 51. Sun's acts and conduct constitute unfair competition under section 43(a) of
19 the Lanham Act (15 U.S.C. § 1125). Sun's false and misleading statements have caused actual
20 deception or have a tendency to deceive and are likely to influence the decisions of NetApp's
21 customers and prospective customers and, upon information and belief, were intended by Sun to
22 dissuade NetApp's customers and potential customers from purchasing NetApp's products, and to
23 influence such individuals to purchase Sun's products instead.

24 52. Upon information and belief, Sun, Mr. Schwartz and Mr. Dillon engaged in
25 such acts and conduct in bad faith, with knowledge of the falsity of the aforementioned factual
26 representations.

27 53. As a foreseeable, direct, and proximate result of Sun's actions, NetApp
28 has been and is likely to be injured by possible lost sales, reduced business good will and/or

1 expenditures made in an attempt to counteract the negative effect of the disparagement.
 2 Moreover, Sun's acts have resulted and will continue to result in irreparable injury to NetApp
 3 such that NetApp does not have an adequate remedy at law. Because of the far-reaching and
 4 irreparable injury, injunctive relieve is thus necessary to restrain further unlawful acts by Sun.

5 54. Unless enjoined by the Court, Sun will continue to compete unfairly with
 6 NetApp. This threat of future injury to NetApp's reputation and goodwill requires injunctive
 7 relief to prevent Sun's continued unfair competition and to mitigate NetApp's injuries.

8 **SEVENTH COUNTERCLAIM**

9 **(Unfair Competition under California Business & Professions Code § 17200 et seq.)**

10 55. NetApp incorporates by reference the allegations of paragraphs 1 through
 11 18 of its Answer and paragraphs 1 through 12 and 42 through 47 of these Counterclaims.

12 56. Sun has committed acts of unfair competition, as defined by the Business
 13 and Professions Code § 17200 et seq., including those of § 17200, by engaging in unlawful,
 14 unfair or fraudulent business practices including, but not limited to, those described in paragraph
 15 42 above.

16 57. These acts and practices are unfair within the meaning of § 17200 because
 17 the acts and practices threaten an incipient violation of law, violate the policy and spirit of one of
 18 those laws, and significantly threaten or harm competition. Specifically, Sun's conduct is
 19 unlawful in that it constitutes defamation, trade libel and/or product disparagement. Sun's
 20 conduct is unfair because it significantly threatens and harms competition. Further, the harm to
 21 NetApp caused by these acts outweigh any utility of Sun's practices.

22 58. Upon information and belief, Sun engaged in the aforementioned conduct
 23 in bad faith with knowledge of the falsity of the representations of fact.

24 59. As a foreseeable, direct, and proximate result of Sun's unlawful, unfair or
 25 fraudulent practices, competition with the relevant market has been compromised and NetApp has
 26 suffered and will suffer substantial damages. For example, such acts have deceived or are likely
 27 to deceive NetApp's customers or prospective customers into believing that NetApp's products
 28

1 infringe Sun's patents or that NetApp is attacking the open source community, thereby dissuading
2 customers and prospective customers from purchasing or using NetApp's products.

3 60. Sun's unlawful acts have injured and threaten to continue to injure NetApp,
4 including possible loss of sales, dilution of goodwill and injury to NetApp's reputation in an
5 amount yet to be determined at trial. In addition, NetApp has incurred and will continue to incur
6 attorneys' fees and costs in defending itself in the present action.

7 61. NetApp has no adequate remedy at law.

8 62. Unless enjoined by the Court, Sun will continue its unlawful, unfair or
9 fraudulent business practices to the irreparable damage and injury of NetApp.

10 **EIGHTH COUNTERCLAIM**
11 **(Declaratory Judgment Re: the '987 Patent)**

12 63. NetApp incorporates by reference the allegations of paragraphs 1 through
13 18 of its Answer and paragraphs 1 through 12 of these Counterclaims.

14 64. Sun alleges in paragraph 13 of its First Amended Complaint that it is the
15 assignee of the '987 patent, entitled "Logical track write scheduling system for a parallel disk
16 drive array data storage subsystem."

17 65. Sun has asserted that NetApp infringes the '987 patent.

18 66. NetApp has not infringed, and is not infringing, either directly or indirectly
19 under section 271, any valid claim of the '987 patent, either literally or under the doctrine of
20 equivalents.

21 67. One or more claims of the '987 patent is invalid for failure to meet the
22 conditions of patentability of 35 U.S.C. § 101 et seq., including without limitation those of
23 sections 102, 103, and/or 112.

24 68. The '987 patent is unenforceable for at least the reasons alleged in
25 NetApp's affirmative defenses, which are incorporated herein by reference.

26 69. This case is exceptional and, pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 285, NetApp is
27 entitled to an award of attorneys' fees.
28

NINTH COUNTERCLAIM

(Declaratory Judgment Re: the '855 Patent)

70. NetApp incorporates by reference the allegations of paragraphs 1 through 18 of its Answer and paragraphs 1 through 12 of these Counterclaims.

71. Sun alleges in paragraph 14 of its First Amended Complaint that it is the assignee of the '855 patent, entitled "Disk drive array memory system using nonuniform disk drives."

72. Sun has asserted that NetApp infringes the '855 patent.

73. NetApp has not infringed, and is not infringing, either directly or indirectly under section 271, any valid claim of the '855 patent, either literally or under the doctrine of equivalents.

74. One or more claims of the '855 patent is invalid for failure to meet the conditions of patentability of 35 U.S.C. § 101 et seq., including without limitation those of sections 102, 103, and/or 112.

75. The '855 patent is unenforceable for at least the reasons alleged in NetApp's affirmative defenses, which are incorporated herein by reference.

76. This case is exceptional and, pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 285, NetApp is entitled to an award of attorneys' fees.

TENTH COUNTERCLAIM

(Declaratory Judgment Re: the '528 Patent)

77. NetApp incorporates by reference the allegations of paragraphs 1 through 18 of its Answer and paragraphs 1 through 12 of these Counterclaims.

78. Sun alleges in paragraph 15 of its First Amended Complaint that it is the assignee of the '528 patent, entitled "Trunking ethernet-compatible networks."

79. Sun has asserted that NetApp infringes the '528 patent.

80. NetApp has not infringed, and is not infringing, either directly or indirectly under section 271, any valid claim of the '528 patent, either literally or under the doctrine of equivalents.

1 81. One or more claims of the '528 patent is invalid for failure to meet the
2 conditions of patentability of 35 U.S.C. § 101 et seq., including without limitation those of
3 sections 102, 103, and/or 112.

4 82. The '528 patent is unenforceable for at least the reasons alleged in
5 NetApp's affirmative defenses, which are incorporated herein by reference.

6 83. This case is exceptional and, pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 285, NetApp is
7 entitled to an award of attorneys' fees.

8 **ELEVENTH COUNTERCLAIM**
9 **(Declaratory Judgment Re: the '787 Patent)**

10 84. NetApp incorporates by reference the allegations of paragraphs 1 through
11 18 of its Answer and paragraphs 1 through 12 of these Counterclaims.

12 85. Sun alleges in paragraph 16 of its First Amended Complaint that it is the
13 assignee of the '787 patent, entitled "Highly available cluster message passing facility."

14 86. Sun has asserted that NetApp infringes the '787 patent.

15 87. NetApp has not infringed, and is not infringing, either directly or indirectly
16 under section 271, any valid claim of the '787 patent, either literally or under the doctrine of
17 equivalents.

18 88. One or more claims of the '787 patent is invalid for failure to meet the
19 conditions of patentability of 35 U.S.C. § 101 et seq., including without limitation those of
20 sections 102, 103, and/or 112.

21 89. The '787 patent is unenforceable for at least the reasons alleged in
22 NetApp's affirmative defenses, which are incorporated herein by reference.

23 90. This case is exceptional and, pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 285, NetApp is
24 entitled to an award of attorneys' fees.

25 **TWELFTH COUNTERCLAIM**
26 **(Declaratory Judgment Re: the '012 Patent)**

27 91. NetApp incorporates by reference the allegations of paragraphs 1 through
28 18 of its Answer and paragraphs 1 through 12 of these Counterclaims.

1 92. Sun alleges in paragraph 17 of its First Amended Complaint that it is the
2 assignee of the '012 patent, entitled "Disk scrubbing system."

3 93. Sun has asserted that NetApp infringes the '012 patent.

4 94. NetApp has not infringed, and is not infringing, either directly or indirectly
5 under section 271, any valid claim of the '012 patent, either literally or under the doctrine of
6 equivalents.

7 95. One or more claims of the '012 patent is invalid for failure to meet the
8 conditions of patentability of 35 U.S.C. § 101 et seq., including without limitation those of
9 sections 102, 103, and/or 112.

10 96. The '012 patent is unenforceable for at least the reasons alleged in
11 NetApp's affirmative defenses, which are incorporated herein by reference.

12 97. This case is exceptional and, pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 285, NetApp is
13 entitled to an award of attorneys' fees.

14 **THIRTEENTH COUNTERCLAIM**
15 **(Declaratory Judgment Re: the '937 Patent)**

16 98. NetApp incorporates by reference the allegations of paragraphs 1 through
17 18 of its Answer and paragraphs 1 through 12 of these Counterclaims.

18 99. Sun alleges in paragraph 18 of its First Amended Complaint that it is the
19 assignee of the '937 patent, entitled "Method and apparatus for reducing power consumption in a
20 computer system by placing the CPU in a low power mode."

21 100. Sun has asserted that NetApp infringes the '937 patent.

22 101. NetApp has not infringed, and is not infringing, either directly or indirectly
23 under section 271, any valid claim of the '937 patent, either literally or under the doctrine of
24 equivalents.

25 102. One or more claims of the '937 patent is invalid for failure to meet the
26 conditions of patentability of 35 U.S.C. § 101 et seq., including without limitation those of
27 sections 102, 103, and/or 112.
28

1 103. The '937 patent is unenforceable for at least the reasons alleged in
2 NetApp's affirmative defenses, which are incorporated herein by reference.

3 104. This case is exceptional and, pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 285, NetApp is
4 entitled to an award of attorneys' fees.

5 **PRAYER FOR RELIEF**

6 WHEREFORE, NetApp respectfully requests the following relief:

7 A. a judgment in favor of NetApp finding that Sun has infringed the '591,
8 '417, '385, '873, and '720 patents;

9 B. a permanent injunction enjoining Sun, its officers, agents, servants,
10 employees, attorneys, and those persons in active concert or participation with any of them, from
11 directly or indirectly infringing the '591, '417, '385, '873, and '720 patents, including the
12 distribution of any current or future versions of Sun's ZFS;

13 C. an accounting for damages resulting from Sun's infringement of the '591,
14 '417, '385, '873, and '720 patents;

15 D. an award of damages to compensate NetApp for Sun's infringement,
16 pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 284, said damages to be trebled because the infringement is and has been
17 willful;

18 E. an assessment of pre-judgment and post-judgment interest and costs against
19 Sun, together with an award of such interest and costs, in accordance with 35 U.S.C. § 284;

20 F. a declaration that NetApp has not infringed and is not infringing, directly
21 or indirectly, any claims of the '987, '855, '528, '787, '012, and '937 patents;

22 G. a declaration that the claims of the '987, '855, '528, '787, '012, and '937
23 patents are invalid;

24 H. a declaration that the '987, '855, '528, '787, '012, and '937 patents are
25 unenforceable;

26 I. a declaration that all Defendants and each of their officers, employees,
27 agents, alter egos, attorneys, and any persons in active concert or participation with them be
28 restrained and enjoined from further prosecuting or instituting any action against NetApp

1 claiming that the '987, '855, '528, '787, '012, and '937 patents are infringed, valid, or
2 enforceable, or from representing that NetApp's products or services, or that others' use thereof,
3 infringe the '987, '855, '528, '787, '012, and '937 patents;

4 J. an award to NetApp of its attorneys' fees incurred in connection with this
5 lawsuit pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 285;

6 K. an order enjoining Sun and its subsidiaries, officers, agents, servants,
7 employees, licensees and all other persons acting or attempting to act in active concert or
8 participation with it or acting on its behalf, from making false representations of fact regarding
9 NetApp and its products;

10 L. damages in an amount yet to be ascertained to be proven at trial on
11 NetApp's Lanham Act counterclaim;

12 M. restitution in an amount yet to be ascertained to be proven at trial on
13 NetApp's California Business and Professions Code counterclaim;

14 N. attorneys' fees incurred in bringing counterclaims under the Lanham Act
15 and the California Business and Professions Code;

16 O. costs incurred in bringing NetApp's counterclaims; and

17 P. such other and further relief as this Court may deem just and proper.

18
19 **JURY DEMAND**

20 Plaintiff respectfully requests a trial by jury, pursuant to Fed. R. Civ. P. 38(b), on
21 all issues so triable.

22
23 Dated: February 19, 2008

WEIL, GOTSHAL & MANGES LLP

24
25
26 By: /s/ Edward R. Reines
Edward R. Reines
27 Attorney for Defendant-Counterclaim Plaintiff
Network Appliance, Inc.
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